

# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

### B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION - CHEMISTRY

#### FIRST SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2013

## CH 1505/CH 1502/CH 5501 - ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

Date: 12/11/2013	Dept. No.	Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 1:00 - 4:00		

### PART -A

# Answer ALL the questions:

(10 x2 = 20 marks)

- 1. What is universal antidote?
- 2. List the number of significant figures in the following numbers
  - i) 646 ii) 20.2.
- 3. Name the detectors used in gas chromatography.
- 4. Define sublimation.
- 5. What are primary standards? Give an example.
- 6. State the law of volumetric analysis.
- 7. Give two examples of metal ion indicators.
- 8. Define post precipitation.
- 9. Draw the TGA curve for CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 10. Mention any two applications of TGA.

#### **PART-B**

#### **Answer any EIGHT questions:**

(8x5 = 40 marks)

- 11. The following replicate weighings were obtained; 29.8, 30.2, 28.6 and 29.7 mg. Calculate the standard deviation of the individual values and the standard deviation of the mean.
- 12. Name any three carcinogenic chemicals used in the laboratory. What precautions must be observed in using them?
- 13. Discuss the principle and technique of Thin Layer Chromatography.
- 14. How is the purity of a compound tested?
- 15. Discuss the principle and technique of recrystallisation.
- 16. Suggest an indicator for the titration of
  - a) Hydrochloric acid with sodium carbonate
  - b) Oxalic acid with sodium hydroxide
  - c) Zn<sup>2+</sup> Vs EDTA
  - d)  $Ag^+ Vs Cl^-$
  - e)  $Fe^{2+}$  and  $K_2Cr_2O_7$ .
- 17. Explain the principle of steam distillation.
- 18. How will you prepare 100 mL of 0.1N HCl from i) Conc.HCl (10 N) ii) 0.5 N HCl.

- 19. Discuss the principle of complexometric titrations.
- 20. Sketch and explain the thermogram of AgNO<sub>3</sub>.
- 21. The solubility product of PbSO<sub>4</sub> is 1.6 x 10<sup>-8</sup>. Calculate the molar solubility of PbSO<sub>4</sub>.
- 22. What is von Weiman ratio? Define the terms in it.

## PART - C

### **Answer any FOUR questions:**

(4x10 = 40 marks)

- 23. Discuss the theory of acid- base indicators with suitable examples.
- 24. How is chloride determined by Volhard's method?
- 25. Explain the technique of GLC with a special reference to the detection systems employed.
- 26. How do you classify errors? How could it be minimized?
- 27. With a diagram explain the experimental set up used in TGA.
- 28. a) Give the properties and uses of drying agents.
  - b) What are the advantages of precipitation from homogenous solution?

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